

Table 1. Baseline Characteristics of Patients with and without HT and sICH.

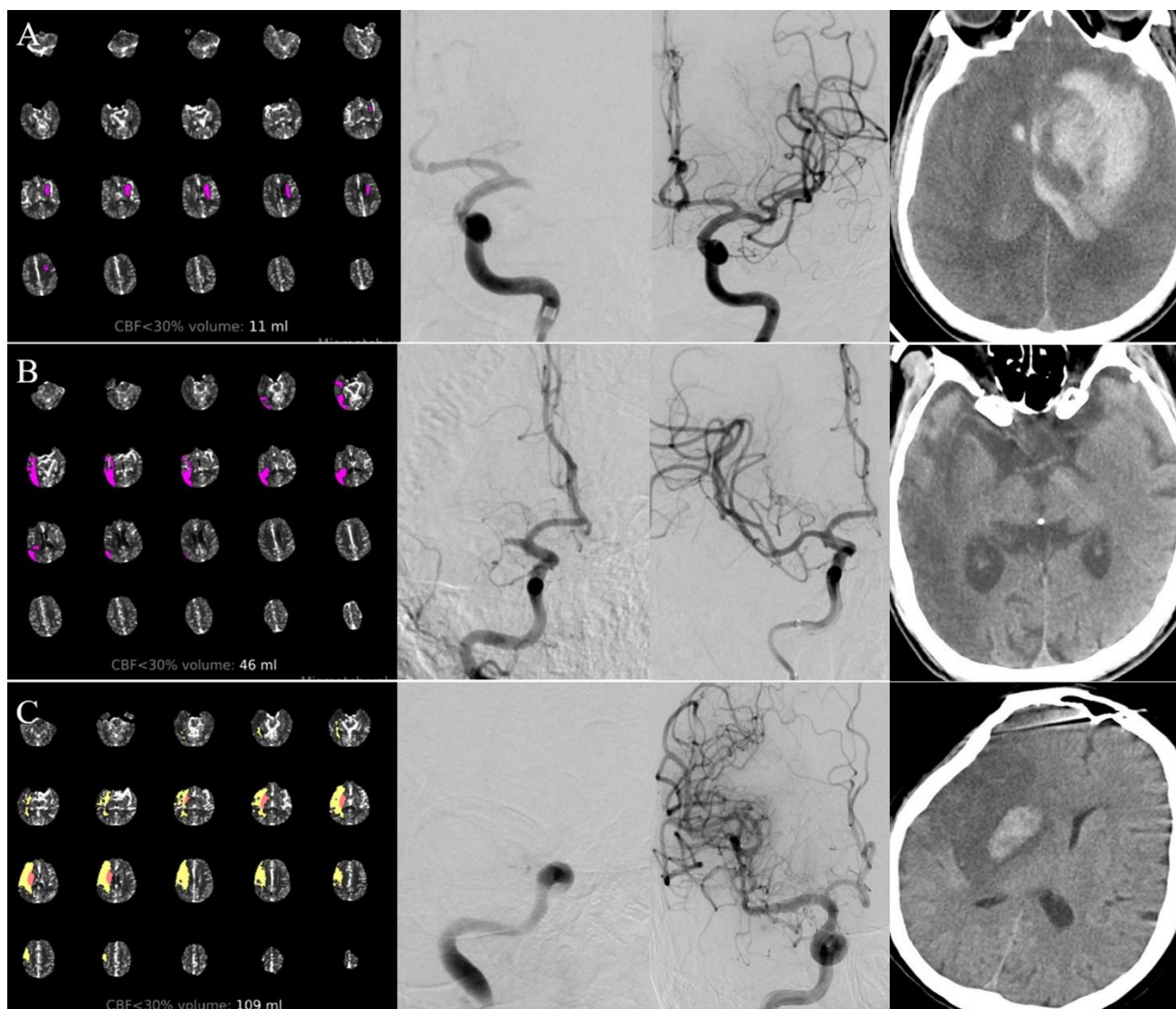
Variable	HT (n=72)	No HT (n=74)	<i>P</i> value	sICH (n=23)	No sICH (n=123)	<i>P</i> value
Age (years), median (IQR)	72 (66-80)	70 (65-78)	0.305	76 (69-80)	71 (64-78)	0.037
Female sex, n (%)	38 (52.3)	33 (46.5)	0.323	14 (60.9)	57 (46.3)	0.201
Arterial hypertension, n (%)	49 (68.1)	50 (67.6)	0.950	16 (69.6)	83 (67.5)	0.844
Diabetes mellitus, n (%)	21 (29.2)	8 (10.8)	0.005	9 (39.1)	20 (16.3)	0.012
Myocardial infarction, n (%)	9 (12.5)	10 (13.5)	0.856	3 (13.0)	16 (13.0)	1.000
Hyperlipidemia, n (%)	2 (2.8)	1 (1.4)	0.309	1 (4.3)	2 (1.6)	0.404
Atrial fibrillation, n (%)	41 (56.9)	35 (47.3)	0.243	16 (69.6)	60 (48.8)	0.067
History of ischemic stroke, n (%)	10 (13.9)	10 (13.5)	0.947	5 (21.7)	15 (12.2)	0.222
Smoking, n (%)	7 (9.7)	10 (13.5)	0.475	1 (4.3)	16 (13.0)	0.476
PLT, median (IQR), 10 ⁹ /L	168 (133-206)	178 (138-222)	0.270	169 (124-195)	171 (138-214)	0.245
SBP at admission (mm Hg), mean (SD)	147 (21.6)	145 (20.7)	0.540	152 (24.3)	145 (20.4)	0.145
DBP at admission (mm Hg), mean (SD)	84 (14.4)	81 (11.1)	0.281	88 (17.5)	83 (11.7)	0.176
Baseline NIHSS score, median (IQR)	19 (13-23)	16 (10-20)	0.027	21 (16-26)	16 (11-21)	0.001
Baseline ASPECTS, median (IQR)	6 (4-7)	7 (5-8)	0.002	5 (2-6)	7 (5-8)	< 0.001
Subcortical involvement	64 (88.9)	28 (37.8)	< 0.001	20 (87.0)	72 (58.5)	0.010
Total ICV (mL), median (IQR)	24 (10-51)	16 (9-39)	0.222	25 (7-61)	19 (10-38)	0.713
ICV ≥ 70 mL, n (%)	10 (13.9)	9 (12.2)	0.757	3 (15.8)	16 (13.0)	0.996
Cortical ICV (mL), median (IQR)	11 (0-31)	13 (3-31)	0.217	7 (0-40)	13 (0-30)	0.473
Subcortical ICV (mL), median (IQR)	10 (6-20)	0 (0-10)	< 0.001	11 (7-26)	6 (0-12)	0.002
Treatment with IV alteplase, n (%)	22 (30.6)	23 (31.1)	0.945	6 (26.1)	39 (31.7)	0.592
Etiology, n (%)			0.368			0.063
Cardioembolism	44 (61.1)	39 (52.7)	0.305	15 (65.2)	68 (55.3)	0.377
Large artery atherosclerosis	15 (20.8)	23 (31.1)	0.373	2 (8.7)	36 (29.3)	0.039
Undetermined etiology or others	13 (18.1)	12 (16.2)	0.768	6 (26.1)	19 (15.4)	0.214
Occlusion site, n (%)			0.491			0.726
ICA	25 (34.7)	22 (29.7)	0.519	9 (39.1)	38 (30.9)	0.438
MCA	43 (59.7)	44 (59.5)	0.974	13 (56.5)	74 (60.1)	0.744
Tandem occlusion	4 (5.6)	8 (10.8)	0.393	1 (4.3)	11 (8.9)	0.747
Poor collaterals, n (%)	55 (76.4)	27 (36.5)	< 0.001	21 (91.3)	61 (49.6)	< 0.001
OTP time (min), median (IQR)	381 (278-602)	318 (213-513)	0.384	433 (291-657)	326 (245-510)	0.227
PTR time (min), median (IQR)	68 (45-104)	70 (47-99)	0.515	83 (42-145)	69 (47-100)	0.562
Passes of retriever ≥ 3, n (%)	25 (34.7)	13 (17.6)	0.018	8 (34.8)	30 (24.4)	0.297
Intra-arterial thrombolysis, n (%)	2 (2.8)	1 (1.4)	0.617	1 (4.3)	2 (1.6)	0.404

HT, hemorrhagic transformation; sICH, symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage; PLT, platelet count; BP, blood pressure; NIHSS, National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale; ASPECTS, Alberta Stroke Program Early CT Score; ICV, ischemic core volume; ICA, internal carotid artery; MCA, middle cerebral artery; OTP, onset to puncture; PTR, puncture to reperfusion.

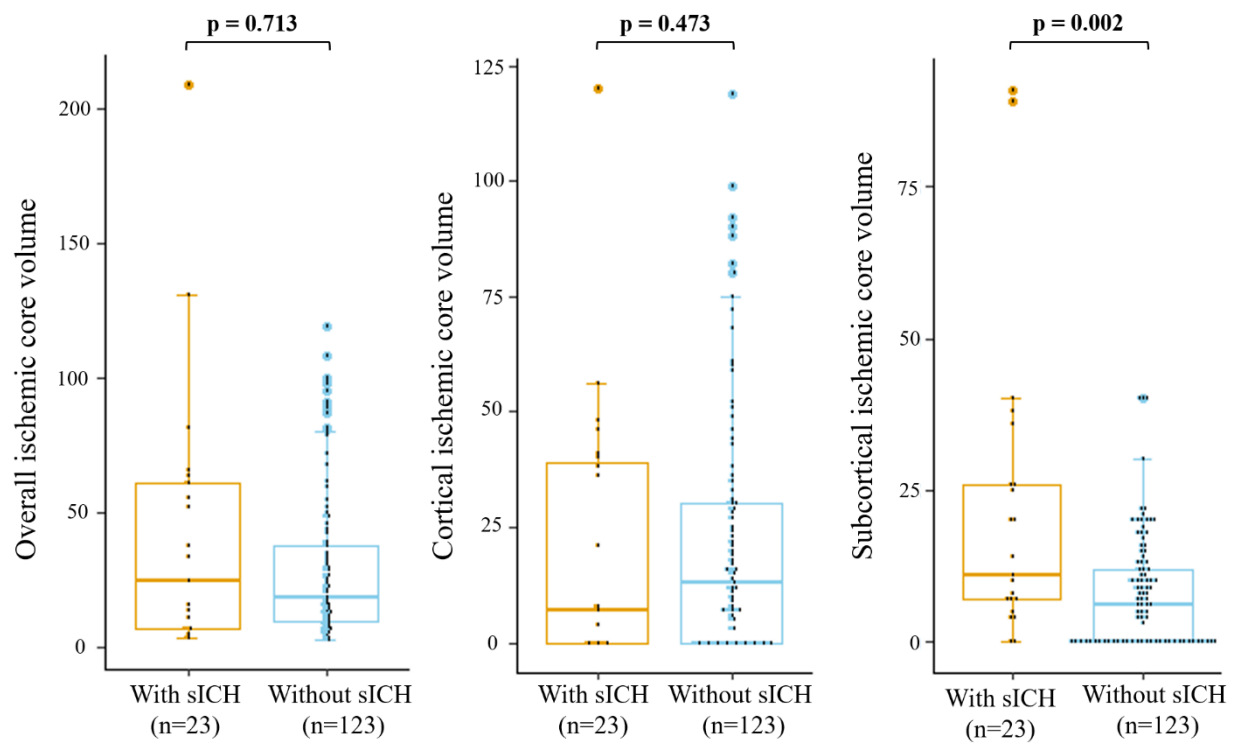
Table 2. Multivariate Analysis of Predictors of HT And sICH After Successful Thrombectomy.

Variable	HT				sICH			
	Unadjusted OR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value	Adjusted OR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value	Unadjusted OR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value	Adjusted OR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value
Age	1.02 (0.99-1.05)	0.272	–	–	1.05 (1.00-1.10)	0.039	1.06 (0.99-1.12)	0.055
Female sex	0.72 (0.38-1.34)	0.323	–	–	0.56 (0.22-1.38)	0.205	–	–
Arterial hypertension	1.02 (0.51-2.05)	0.950	–	–	1.10 (0.42-2.89)	0.844	–	–
Diabetes mellitus	3.40 (1.39-8.29)	0.007	4.54 (1.26-16.28)	0.020	3.31 (1.26-8.69)	0.015	1.97 (0.59-6.61)	0.272
Myocardial infarction	0.86 (0.35-2.40)	0.914	–	–	1.00 (0.27-3.76)	0.996	–	–
Hyperlipidemia	2.1 (0.19-23.52)	0.552	–	–	2.75 (0.24-31.65)	0.417	–	–
Atrial fibrillation	1.47 (0.77-2.83)	0.244	–	–	2.40 (0.92-6.24)	0.073	1.80 (0.49-6.64)	0.377
History of ischemic stroke	1.03 (0.40-2.45)	0.947	–	–	2.00 (0.65-6.18)	0.229	–	–
Smoking	0.69 (0.25-1.92)	0.477	–	–	0.30 (0.34-2.41)	0.260	–	–
PLT	1.00 (0.99-1.00)	0.151	–	–	1.00 (0.99-1.00)	0.236	–	–
Systolic BP at admission	1.01 (0.99-1.02)	0.538	–	–	1.02 (0.99-1.04)	0.146	–	–
Diastolic BP at admission	1.02 (0.99-1.05)	0.183	–	–	1.04 (0.99-1.08)	0.172	–	–
Baseline NIHSS score	1.05 (1.00-1.09)	0.043	1.02 (0.92-1.04)	0.526	1.08 (1.02-1.14)	0.008	1.03 (0.96-1.11)	0.427
Baseline ASPECTS	0.80 (0.69-0.92)	0.003	0.87 (0.71-1.07)	0.186	0.69 (0.57-0.85)	< 0.001	0.73 (0.57-0.93)	0.010
Total ICV	1.01 (0.99-1.02)	0.201			1.01 (0.99-1.02)	0.109		
Subcortical involvement	13.14 (5.49-31.4)	< 0.001	8.06 (2.31-28.10)	0.001	4.72 (1.33-16.74)	0.016	2.53 (0.52-12.32)	0.251
Cortical ICV	1.09 (0.98-1.01)	0.700	–	–	1.00 (0.98-1.02)	0.822	–	–
Subcortical ICV	1.13 (1.07-1.19)	< 0.001	1.05 (0.99-1.12)	0.131	1.07 (1.03-1.11)	0.001	1.05 (1.01-1.09)	0.039
Treatment with IV alteplase	0.98 (0.48-1.97)	0.945	–	–	0.76 (0.28-2.08)	0.593	–	–
Etiology (LAA vs. others)	0.96 (0.72-1.29)	0.794	–	–	0.23 (0.05-1.03)	0.055	0.56 (0.09-3.46)	0.535
Poor collaterals	5.63 (2.74-11.58)	< 0.001	5.49 (2.15-14.01)	< 0.001	10.67 (2.40-47.49)	0.002	6.92 (1.47-32.73)	0.015
OTP time	1.00 (0.99-1.00)	0.382	–	–	1.00 (1.00-1.00)	0.152	–	–
PTR time	1.00 (0.99-1.00)	0.227	–	–	1.01 (0.99-1.02)	0.183	–	–
Passes of retriever >3	2.50 (1.16-5.39)	0.020	3.46 (1.24-9.64)	0.018	1.65 (0.64-4.28)	0.300	–	–
Intra-arterial thrombolysis	2.09 (0.19-23.52)	0.552	–	–	2.75 (0.24-31.65)	0.417	–	–

HT, hemorrhagic transformation; sICH, symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage; PLT, platelet count; BP, blood pressure; NIHSS, National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale; ASPECTS, Alberta Stroke Program Early CT Score; ICV, ischemic core volume; LAA, Large artery atherosclerosis; OTP, onset to puncture; PTR, puncture to reperfusion.



Online Supplemental Fig 1. Images of Three Representative Cases. A. The ischemic core volume (CBF < 30%) determined by CTP imaging was 11 mL and the infarct was limited to the subcortical area. The patient underwent successful recanalization after endovascular thrombectomy for left middle cerebral artery occlusion. Hemorrhagic transformation with a big hematoma was found in the subcortical territories on follow-up CT imaging. B. The ischemic core volume was 46 mL, and the infarct was limited to the cortical area. The patient underwent successful recanalization after endovascular thrombectomy for right middle cerebral artery occlusion, and no hemorrhagic transformation was found on follow-up CT. The final infarction was consistent with the ischemic core on pretreatment CTP. C. The ischemic core volume was 109 mL, including the subcortical infarct volume of 15 ml (red) and cortical infarct volume (yellow) of 94 ml. The patient underwent a successful thrombectomy for internal carotid artery occlusion, and hemorrhagic transformation was observed in the subcortical area.



Online Supplemental Fig 2. Comparison of the CTP-Based Ischemic Core Volumes in Patients with and without Symptomatic Intracranial Hemorrhage (sICH).