

On-line Table: Logistic regression—group differences

Group Comparison	Analysis Set	Outcome	
		Functional Independence (OR) (95% CI)	Successful Reperfusion (OR) (95% CI)
Emergency conversion vs local anesthesia	Full (<i>n</i> = 238)	0.86 (0.14–5.11)	0.26 (0.06–1.06)
	Subset ^a (<i>n</i> = 110)	0.58 (0.02–16.33)	0.21 (0.013–3.25)
Emergency conversion vs conscious sedation	Full (<i>n</i> = 238)	1.07 (0.17–6.53)	0.55 (0.13–2.19)
	Subset ^a (<i>n</i> = 110)	1.91 (0.08–43.02)	0.24 (0.02–3.72)
Emergency conversion vs general anesthesia	Full (<i>n</i> = 238)	4.48 (0.49–40.86)	1.28 (0.31–5.25)
	Subset ^a (<i>n</i> = 110)	14.34 (0.14–1448.78)	0.26 (0.01–5.04)

^aSubset analysis with collateral score and time from symptom onset to reperfusion. Functional independence was mRS at 90 days ≤ 2 . Successful reperfusion was TICI 2b/3 on the final angiogram. Results are derived from logistic regression models, adjusted for confounders. Variables in the full dataset analysis were age, sex, admission NIHSS, prestroke mRS > 1 , ASPECTS on admission imaging, comorbidities, application of IV thrombolysis, location of vessel occlusion, and additionally TICI 2b/3 and occurrence of a drop of MAP in the analysis of functional independence, based on 238 complete observations. Variables in the subset analysis were all variables of the full dataset and additionally collateral score and time from symptom onset to reperfusion based on 110 complete observations.