SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Supplementary Table 1. MR imaging parameters

Parameters	3D-T2-FLAIR ^a	3D-T1-FSPGR	3D-T1-TSE	
Repetition time (msec)	4800	9.7–9.9	500	
Echo time (msec)	267.4–269.2	4.6–4.7	34.8	
Echo train length	120	1	20	
Flip angle (degree)	120 20		90	
Section thickness (mm)	1.2	0.6	1.2	
Field of view (mm)	150 × 150	$150 \times 150 \qquad \qquad 150 \times 150$		
Matrix	216 × 215	252 × 250	252 × 250	
No. of signals acquired	1	1	1	
Parallel imaging factor ^b	1.5 [2.0]	x	1.5 [2.0]	
Acquisition time ^c (min:sec)	5:07 [5:43]	3:44 [3:50]	3:43 [3:55]	
No. of sections	90	180	90	

All patients were scanned at a 3.0T scanner; either Signa Architect (GE Healthcare, Milwaukee, Wisconsin) or Achieva (Philips, Amsterdam, Netherlands). ^aOnly 3D-T2-FLAIR sequence, which was acquired on the Architect utilized compressed sensing factor of 1.3. ^{b,c}Parameters for the Architect scanner are in square brackets.

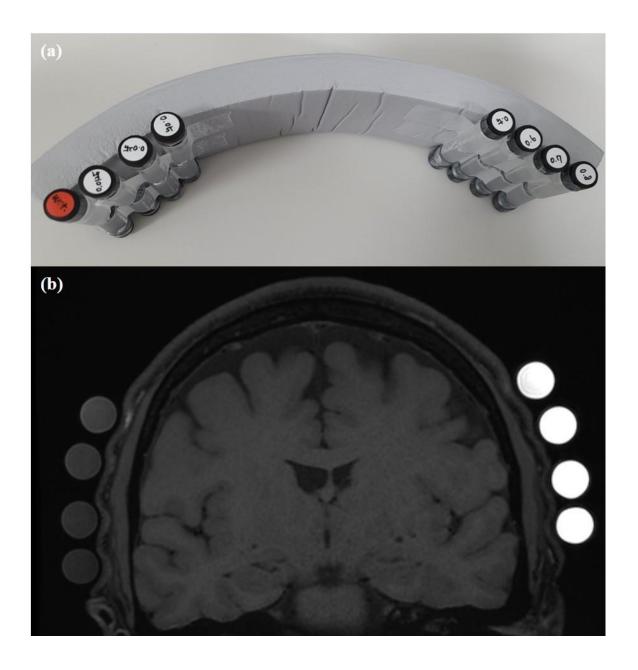
Supplementary Table 2. Comparison of diagnostic accuracy of 3D-T2-FLAIR, 3D-T1-FSPGR, and 3D-T1-TSE

		Sensitivity (%)	Specificity (%)	Accuracy (%)
Inexperienced	3D-T2-FLAIR	55	60	57
reader	3D-T1-FSPGR	50	65	57
	3D-T1-TSE	80	100	90
Experienced reader	3D-T2-FLAIR	30	90	60
	3D-T1- FSPGR	85	80	82
	3D-T1-TSE	85	90	87

Supplementary Table 3. AUC for the detection of neuritis

				<i>p</i> -value			
	3D-T2-FLAIR	3D-T1-FSPGR	3D-T1-TSE	3D-T1-FSPGR vs.	3D-T1-TSE vs.	3D-T1-TSE vs.	
				3D-T2-FLAIR	3D-T2-FLAIR	3D-T1- FSPGR	
Inexperienced reader	0.56	0.75	0.91	0.083	0.001	0.053	
Experienced reader	0.71	0.86	0.87	0.044	0.049	0.891	

Supplementary Figure 1. A clinical head band phantom (a) containing gadobutrol solutions (Gadovist; Bayer Schering Pharma, Berlin, Germany) of varying concentrations (range, 0.0125 to 3 mmol/L), (b) a representative scan of the head band set to the volunteer's head.



Supplementary Figure 2. The signal intensity ratios of various concentrations of gadobutrol solution to normal white matter on 3D T1-TSE, 3D-T1-FSPGR and 3D-T2-FLAIR images.

